

KEY TO MAP OF BRISTOL CITY DOCKS

Items of prime industrial archaeological significance. Those already "Listed" under the Town & Country Planning Acts as being of Special Historic or Architectural Interest are marked with an asterisk.

- 1.0 Entrance Locks Area
- 1:1* the Brunel South (disused) Entrance Lock
- 1:2* the Brunel small Swing Bridge
- 1;3 the two ramps to Rownham (disused) Ferry
- 1:4 the Gridiron (c.1870)
- 1:5 **the Tobacco Bond Warehouse "B"** (built 1908 and the first building in England to use the Coignet form of re-inforced concrete.
- 1:6 the copy Brunel Swing bridge
- 2.0 Cumberland Basin Area
- 2:1 The principal item here is **the Basin** itself
- 2;2* the Original (c. 1871) Hydraulic Powerhouse
- 2:3* the South (disused) Junction Lock
- 2;4* The "Nova Scotia Hotel"
- 2:5* Old Dock Cottages (1831)
- 2:6 Merchant's Dock was filled some years ago.
- 2:7 **Hotwells Dock**, is still in full use for unloading sand. Originally constructed in 1765 it probably still retains features from c. 1772.
- 3.0 Ashton Swing Bridge Area
- 3:1 the Tobacco Bond Warehouse "A" (1909)
- 3:2 **the Tobacco Bond Warehouse "C"** south of the river, (1919)
- 3:3 **Ashton Swing Bridge** although it has now largely lost the superstructure that made this an interesting "Double-Decker" Road and Rail bridge, it is vital to retain this sole remaining rail link for any possible future potential rapid transport systems close to the City Centre.
- 4.0 The Underfall Yard Area
- 4:1* the Main Hydraulic Powerhouse (1887)
- 4:2* 1-7 (inc.) Avon Crescent
 what must be retained in one functional unit
 are the
- 4:3 **Port of Bristol Underfall Yard Workshops**, including the Machine Shops, tools, equipment, sail loft, sluices and control gear.
- 5.0 The Mardyke/Albion Shipyard Area
- 5:1* With the future of "SS Great Britain" now apparently secure in the "Listed" **Great**Western Dry Dock plans are already being mooted for developing this area as a Maritime Museum.
- 5:2 the Albion Dry Dock

- 5:3 the Mardyke Ferry Steps (both sides)
- 5:4 Sydney Row Cottages
- 5:5 Gas Works Ferry Steps (both sides)
- 5:6 the Mardyke open wharf frontage
- 5:7 the Canon's Marsh Gas Works buildings
- 6:0 Prince's Wharf Area
- 6:1* the Old Gaol Entry
- 6:2* **the Heavy Duty Steam** Crane. Although of little intrinsic interest it will be important
- 6:3 to retain the remaining **cranes at Princes Wharf** to keep the characteristic 'Maritime' prospect towards Dundry Hill from the Neptune Statue on the City Centre, down St. Augustine's Reach.
- 7:0 Bathurst Basin Area
- 7:1* the "Bathurst Hotel"
- 7:2* the "Ostrich Inn"
- 7:3* the General Hospital
- 7:4* the Georgian terraces of Redcliff Parade
- 7:5 there is a noteable omission in the **two 'Venetian' style Warehouses** (in the so called "Bristol Byzantine" local variant of Victorian Commercial Architecture.
- 7:6 the Lock Gear, Quay walls and the steps to Redcliff Parade.
- 8:0 The Grove Area
- 8:1* **Bush's Warehouse** (c. 1840)
- 8:2* Mud Dock Hand Crane
- 8:3 Also worthy of preservation are the **Italianate**small tower by Princes Swing Bridge (Hydraulic Accumulator
- 8:4 the Warehouse frontages of various age fronting the Grove
- 9:0 The Centre/St. Augustines Reach
- 9:1 Transit Shed E
- 9:2 Transit Sheds W & U
- 9:3 Railway Warehouse at Canon's Marsh
- 10:0 The Bristol Bridge/St. Philip's Bridge Area
- 10:1 the Counterslip Tramway Powerhouse
- 10:2 Temple Back Generating Station
- 10:3 **the Mediaeval Castle Ditch** (now in culvert but accessable by small boat)
- 10:4 **the Old Granary, Welsh Back**. The latter in particular must be preserved as being the most outstanding example of "Bristol Byzantine".